AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H. RES 131

OFFERED BY MS. BASS OF CALIFORNIA

Strike the preamble and insert the following:

- Whereas since the 1990s, an estimated 5,000,000 people have died and more than 2,000,000 people have been displaced due to repeated cycles of conflict and atrocities, particularly those in North and South Kivu provinces;
- Whereas the United Nations and humanitarian groups have reported staggering rates of sexual violence indicating tens of thousands of cases perpetrated by the Congolese army and armed groups, including the M23, Mai Mai militias, the Lord's Resistance Army, and the Democratic Forces for the Liberation of Rwanda, which continue to operate with nearly total impunity;
- Whereas human rights defenders in the Democratic Republic of the Congo have been subject to intimidation and attack;
- Whereas the Democratic Republic of the Congo's wealth of natural resources, including minerals and high-value wildlife products such as elephant ivory, have been a driver of insurrection and violence, and the discovery and exploitation of oil could motivate further conflict;
- Whereas the deeply flawed November 2011 elections in the Democratic Republic of the Congo laid bare significant political, economic, and social challenges;

- Whereas the Democratic Republic of the Congo is home to one of the world's largest and most expensive international peacekeeping operations;
- Whereas the November 20, 2012, seizure of the city of Goma by the M23 rebel group, despite bilateral and multilateral efforts to address longstanding humanitarian crises, forge lasting peace, and pursue security sector reform and accountability, demonstrates that the underlying causes of the recurring conflicts in the eastern provinces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo remain unresolved;
- Whereas on November 15, 2012, the United Nations Group of Experts provided compelling evidence, in report findings corroborated by the United States Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs in testimony before the United States House of Representatives on December 11, 2012, and December 19, 2012, that the M23 crisis has been fueled and exacerbated by the Government of Rwanda, including through the provision of significant military and logistical assistance, and of operational and political guidance and support, to the M23;
- Whereas the United Nations and United States have imposed sanctions on the M23 and its leaders for human rights atrocities including rape, massacres, and the recruitment and physical and psychological torture of child soldiers;
- Whereas on March 18, 2013, International Criminal Court (ICC) indictee and leader of a faction of the M23 rebel group, Bosco Ntaganda, turned himself in to the United States Embassy in Kigali, Rwanda, and asked to be and was transferred to the ICC in The Hague, where he voluntary surrendered on March 22, 2013;

Whereas the Lord's Resistance Army continues to perpetrate attacks against civilian populations in affected areas of northeastern Congo, creating widespread insecurity and displacement; and

Whereas members of civil society and political parties from both the majority and the opposition created the National Preparatory Committee (Comité National Préparatoire or CNP) to lay the groundwork for convening a national forum and dialogue with the goal of putting an end to the multifaceted crisis that afflicts the Democratic Republic of the Congo: Now, therefore, be it

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

1 That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) asserts that the region's leaders bear pri-3 mary responsibility for the security of their territory 4 and citizens and, with support from the inter-5 national community, must break the cycle of violence 6 and impunity in the Democratic Republic of the 7 Congo and surrounding region and urgently address 8 the root causes of conflict;

(2) calls on the signatories of the February 24, 2013, Peace, Security and Cooperation Framework for the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Region to abide by the provisions outlined in the framework agreement in addition to ensuring that those troops being integrated into the Congolese

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1	army are not those accused of human rights viola-
2	tions;
3	(3) calls on governments of the Great Lakes re-
4	gion of Africa to respect the national security and
5	territorial integrity of the Democratic Republic of
6	the Congo, and to immediately halt and prevent any
7	and all forms of support to the M23 and other
8	nonstate armed groups, including any support pro-
9	vided by individuals independently of government
10	policy;
11	(4) recognizes the recent efforts by the Govern-
12	ment of the Democratic Republic of the Congo to
13	end the recruitment of children into the armed
14	forces and demands the immediate cessation of the
15	recruitment and exploitation of children by militias,
16	and further calls on all armed groups to free chil-
17	dren and other civilians held against their will;
18	(5) calls on the Administration, in close coordi-
19	nation with international and regional partners and
20	consistent with Public Law 109–456, to support the
21	Government of the Democratic Republic of the
22	Congo in mobilizing a comprehensive response to
23	prevent further deterioration of regional peace and
24	stability and to ensure unhindered humanitarian ac-
25	cess:

1	(6) acknowledges the good work of the United
2	States Special Advisor on the Great Lakes and the
3	Democratic Republic of the Congo, and finds that
4	the challenges of helping to resolve the cycle of vio-
5	lence and impunity in the Democratic Republic of
6	the Congo requires higher-level United States diplo-
7	matic and political engagement;
8	(7) requests that Secretary of State John Kerry
9	demonstrate the high-level concern that the United
10	States attaches to ensuring stability and security in
11	the Democratic Republic of the Congo by elevating
12	the existing role of the Special Advisor for the Great
13	Lakes and the Democratic Republic of the Congo to
14	the designation of a Special Envoy who will help
15	lead the United States and international efforts to
16	end violence carried out by armed militias and se-
17	cure permanent peace, stability, and safety for the
18	people of the Democratic Republic of the Congo;
19	(8) calls on all nations to increase cooperation
20	in order to cease the trade of illegal goods, including
21	poached ivory and conflict minerals, that continues
22	to fuel violence in the Democratic Republic of the
23	Congo;
24	(9) calls on the Administration, including the
25	Atrocities Prevention Board, in close coordination

1	with international and regional partners, to develop
2	and make actionable recommendations to address,
3	prevent, and ensure accountability for serious viola-
4	tions of international humanitarian law and human
5	rights abuses by all actors in the Democratic Repub-
6	lic of the Congo, including by fully implementing
7	sanctions outlined in section 1284 of the National
8	Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013,
9	notwithstanding transactions that are customary,
10	necessary, and incidental to the provision of critical,
11	life-saving aid to civilian populations, and the policy
12	goals set out under Public Law 109–456;
13	(10) urges the Government of the Democratic
14	Republic of the Congo, with close support from the
15	international community, to investigate and pros-
16	ecute those who have committed war crimes, crimes
17	against humanity, and violations of international hu-
18	manitarian law and human rights, including those
19	against women and children;
20	(11) calls on the Government of the Democratic
21	Republic of the Congo to meaningfully engage in
22	electoral reforms, in addition to security sector re-
23	forms to prevent militia combatants, particularly
24	M23 members, accused of abuses from integrating
25	into the military, and to host inclusive inter-Congo-

1	lese dialogues to address critical internal political
2	issues and strengthen processes of state institution
3	building in the Democratic Republic of the Congo;
4	(12) urges the Administration to address sup-
5	port provided to militias operating in the Democratic
6	Republic of the Congo by foreign governments and
7	entities;
8	(13) acknowledges the United Nations' appoint-
9	ment of the Special Envoy for the Great Lakes re-
10	gion of Africa; and
11	(14) acknowledges the authorization by the
12	United Nations Security Council of the deployment
13	of an intervention brigade within the United Nations
14	Organization Stabilization Mission in the Demo-
15	cratic Republic of the Congo (MONUSCO) with a
16	robust civilian protection mandate, and urges the
17	United Nations Security Council to continue to lead
18	efforts to reinforce and strengthen MONUSCO and
19	its capacity to protect civilians, deter violence, and
20	ensure peace and stability.

