



(Original Signature of Member)

116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

## H. RES.

Supporting efforts to strengthen democracy in Hungary and its alliance with the United States.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. ENGEL submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## RESOLUTION

Supporting efforts to strengthen democracy in Hungary and its alliance with the United States.

Whereas 2019 is the 70th anniversary of the founding of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and the 30th anniversary of historic transitions in Hungary, including the dismantling of the one-party Communist regime and the barbed wire fences that separated Hungary from its neighbors;

Whereas 2019 is also the 75th anniversary of the deportation by Hungarian authorities of 437,402 Hungarian Jews on 147 trains in just 56 days between May 15 and July 9, 1944, which was preceded by the passage of anti-Jewish

laws beginning in 1920 and the deportation of more than 20,000 Jews in 1941;

Whereas the United States and Hungary have a shared history dating to the times of 19th century Hungarian statesman Lajos Kossuth, whose bust graces the halls of the United States Congress, and Hungarians have immigrated to the United States since its founding, enriching the national fabric of the United States;

Whereas, in the 1990 Charter of Paris for a New Europe, the United States and Hungary committed “to build, consolidate and strengthen democracy as the only system of government of our nations”;

Whereas Hungary joined the visa waiver program in 2008, enabling Hungarians to visit the United States without a visa, further strengthening ties between the two countries;

Whereas Hungarians voted in a national referendum in 1997 to join NATO, and the United States supported Hungary’s accession to NATO, building the common alliance between the two countries;

Whereas the North Atlantic Treaty states that all members of NATO “are determined to safeguard the freedom, common heritage and civilisation of their peoples, founded on the principles of democracy, individual liberty and the rule of law”;

Whereas NATO member states have collectively identified corruption and poor governance, including within member states, as “security challenges which undermine democracy, the rule of law and economic development”, demonstrating a shared understanding of the link between democratic values and international security;

Whereas democracies with transparent governments, the rule of law, free media, and engaged citizens are more naturally resistant to malign influence by the Russian Federation;

Whereas the Government of Hungary has rehabilitated fascist-era ideologies, facilitated or amplified anti-Semitic messages, and trivialized the Holocaust;

Whereas according to the Department of State's Country Report on Human Rights Practices, Hungary has passed a series of laws modifying the judicial system, restricting the Constitutional Court, altering the rules for electing Constitutional Court justices, and vesting the President of the National Office for the Judiciary, a position appointed by the Parliament, with significant decision-making power;

Whereas the Organization on Security and Cooperation in Europe's (OSCE) Election Observation Missions to Hungary's 2014 and 2018 elections concluded that the governing party enjoyed an undue advantage because of restrictive campaign regulations, biased media coverage and campaign activities that blurred the separation between political party and the state;

Whereas in 2014 at least six Hungarian officials were determined to be ineligible for visas to visit the United States because of suspected corruption, while fraud and corruption has enabled at least 85 criminals to obtain Hungarian passports and enter or attempt to enter the United States, and Hungary has given refuge to some individuals convicted of corruption in other countries;

Whereas, in 2017, Hungary adopted a law on nongovernmental organizations that, according to the Department

of State, “unfairly burdens a targeted group of Hungarian civil society organizations, many of which focus on fighting corruption and protecting human rights and civil liberties”;

Whereas, in 2018, more than 400 media publications, websites, television channels, and radio stations in Hungary, already concentrated in the hands of a few owners, were donated, without compensation, by their owners to a central holding company which, according to a subsequently passed law, is exempt from competition oversight;

Whereas, in 2018, the Department of State expressed disappointment that the Government of Hungary did not conclude an agreement that would allow Central European University (CEU) to continue its United States-accredited programs and stated that the United States values the role that CEU and other American educational institutions play in building connections between the Hungarian and American people and strengthening the transatlantic bond;

Whereas, in 2018, Hungary adopted a law to establish new administrative courts with jurisdiction over elections and corruption overseen by a politically appointed minister; and

Whereas the Government of Hungary has announced a decision to grant diplomatic immunity to representatives of the International Investment Bank, a bank with ties to Russian intelligence services, and allow the bank to open a headquarters in Hungary: Now, therefore, be it

- 1       *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—
- 2               (1) expresses deep concern that the Government
- 3       of Hungary has taken steps to weaken democratic

1 institutions, undermine free elections, and limit civil  
2 society and a free press in Hungary, to the det-  
3 riment of the Hungarian people and United States-  
4 Hungary relations;

5 (2) expresses deep concern that the decision by  
6 the Government of Hungary to allow the Inter-  
7 national Investment Bank to open a headquarters in  
8 Hungary would provide the Government of the Rus-  
9 sian Federation an additional platform to conduct  
10 malign influence operations within the North Atlan-  
11 tic Treaty Organization;

12 (3) urges the Secretary of State to bolster ef-  
13 forts in Hungary to combat corruption, counter ma-  
14 lign influence by the Russian Federation, strengthen  
15 independent media, encourage a vibrant civil society  
16 and utilize fully the annual Country Report on  
17 Human Rights Practices as a vehicle to identify  
18 challenges in this area;

19 (4) urges the Secretary of State to support edu-  
20 cational and cultural exchange programs with civil  
21 society leaders and youth in Hungary in order to in-  
22 spire and equip the next generation of democratic  
23 leaders;

24 (5) urges the Secretary of Homeland Security  
25 to review Hungary's travel document security in

1 order to ensure the integrity of the United States  
2 visa waiver program; and  
3 (6) expresses its support for the shared prin-  
4 ciples of democracy and collective security to which  
5 the United States and Hungary have committed in  
6 the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the Or-  
7 ganization on Security and Cooperation in Europe,  
8 and notes that the North Atlantic Treaty Organiza-  
9 tion is an alliance meant above all to safeguard basic  
10 freedoms, democracy, and the rule of law.